

Ta'limning zamonaviy transformatsiyasi
**CAUSES OF THE ORIGIN OF THE OFFENSE IN YOUNG
PEOPLE**

Ostonov Jasur Shopirjonovich

p.f.f.d (PhD), associate professor

Bafoyev Shahzod Najmiddin o'g'li

master's student

More than twenty years have passed since the Republic of Uzbekistan achieved socio-political independence. Although it is considered a relatively short time for the history of the Society of man, during this period there were fundamental changes in all areas of social life of the Republic. The content of the attitude, which was decided in the social, economic and cultural spheres of society, changed and new views were formed.

While market relations developed in the process of economic production occupy a priority place, achieving the harmony of national and universal values in the cultural sphere is recognized as one of the main factors providing social progress. The movement carried out in the socio-political sphere of Public Life expresses the general essence of the construction of the state and society.

The establishment of a legal state and civil society, guided by humane, democratic principles, is the main social goal. As we know, it is a long-term, complex process that makes it a successful process.

In the process of achieving the elevation of legal culture in society, the content, level of legal education carried out among the population, including young people, as well as the role of educational institutions in this regard, are of particular importance. Because educational institutions have great opportunities in the field of giving legal knowledge. There is also a rich experience in this area, which ensures the acceleration of the process of building a legal state and civil society.

The social point of view of the Republic of Uzbekistan, which has independence in the management of the state and society, is to ensure the

expression of progressive Democratic and humanitarian ideas that serve to progress, not contradict national interests, stimulate the cooperation of Indigenous people on the basis of equality with other nationalities and nationalities. It is true that the laws in our republic are the leading factor in ensuring a moderate course of public life and Human Relations in Citizens.

Achieving the effectiveness of legal education in secondary schools should serve to create pedagogical conditions:

1. In young people, the formation of legal norms, confidence in the fact that laws protect the interests of not only the state, but also the individual as one.
2. Ensuring the emergence of an internal need and interest in the assimilation of knowledge about law in students of secondary schools.
3. Finding in the readers a decision on socio-legal norms, respect for laws.
4. Formation of skills and qualifications related to legal activities in students of secondary schools.
5. To educate students the feeling of combating any kind of violation.

Achieving a strong connection with all branches of the continuing education system, as well as social organizations, family, neighborhood, to improve the effectiveness of legal education in students of secondary schools, is important in pedagogical science

The organization of legal education, views reflecting the factors, conditions of achieving efficiency in this way, is the development of legal, pedagogical and psychological scientists-H.B.Babayev, K.Normatov, Z.M.Islamov, R.Mahmudov, U.Tajikhanov, A.Saidov, O.Karimova; thoughts on the role of socio-legal norms in the life of society and the individual, the absorption of knowledge about legal norms into the minds of young people S.I.Wasikova, Z.M.Islamov, R.Mahmudov, H.R.Rakhmankulov, Sh.Z.Orazayev, M.Osmanboeva and A.Hamroyev; the issue of relying on educational institutions and public cooperation in establishing the promotion of legal knowledge S.I.Wasikova, O.D.Danilova, O.Karimova, O.Omonova, H.To'ychiyeva, Z. G'offorov; factors and conditions for the successful organization of legal education M.Usmanboeva,

A.A. It was embodied in the research carried out by the hamroevs. T.K. Kudaybergenova in her scientific research work to improve the effectiveness of legal education in secondary specialized educational institutions.

In the present period, there are specific features of youth education, laws, possibilities, complex mechanisms for the expression and emergence of behavioral motives. It should be noted separately that the use of educational and educational activities, taking into account their features in the upbringing of young people, does not create misunderstanding in interpersonal relationships, creates a warm psychological climate between the class community.

The inconsistency of work with the word in the years of stagnation, gross mistakes in moral education negatively affected the spiritual world of young people. The issue of the fate of young people has also become extremely serious at present, when the movement for the radical reconstruction of the spiritual world of Man, the humanization of upbringing began. The age of youth is distinguished by its mimicry, by the fact that the important point of the gaze is not formed, by its sensuality, by its valor, by its solemnity. Therefore, it is necessary to pay special attention to teenage boys and girls who are obsessed with external influences.

The main reasons for the need to increase attention to the problem of adolescents: 1) the change in culture, art and literature, socio-economic conditions as a result of the development of Science and Technology 2) the expectation of the level of adolescent consciousness due to the expansion of the scope of mass Information; 3) the insufficient awareness of boys and girls from the worldLiu maturation accelerated; 5) the need to take a special approach to ideological-political, patriotic and international education in working with adolescents; 6) the deep penetration of the problems of transparency, social justice, democracy into social life; 7) the creation of a wide opportunity for students to receive independent knowledge, creative thinking, self-control, understanding, assessment and control.

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